

IER FOREST PROJECT:

AIMS, PROGRESS AND PERSPECTIVES

VASYL YOSCHENKO

Institute of Environmental Radioactivity Fukushima University

r705@ipc.fukushima-u.ac.jp



IER website:



Long-term survey on the movement of radionuclides in forests and clarification of their behavior

Long-term monitoring on the transfer and accumulation of radioactive substances and clarification of its mechanism
Development of prediction models for radionuclide transfer in forests and collection/adjustment of parameters
Enhancement of accuracy of dose assessment for forest organisms and evaluation of radiation effects on them

Planned activities:

- selection and description of the experimental site. Installation of the monitoring equipment (FY2014)
- long-term monitoring of the rCs distribution and fluxes at the site (FY2014 2015 ...)
- biomass sampling (FY2014, ...)
- conceptual model (FY2014)
- revision/update of the experimental program (beginning of FY2015)
- parameterization of the model (FY2014-2015)
- mathematical formalization and model calculations in order to provide the long-term prognosis of rCs redistribution in the forest ecosystem (FY2015-2016)
- identification of radiation effects (FY2014-2016)

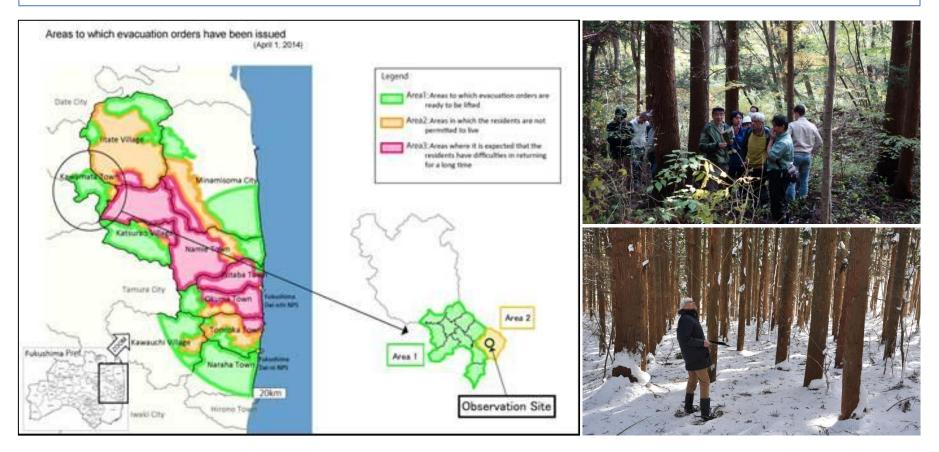
- ...



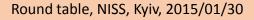


IER Forest project: selection of the experimental site

Experimental site: Sugi forest, Yamakiya District, Kawamata Town, Fukushima Prefecture

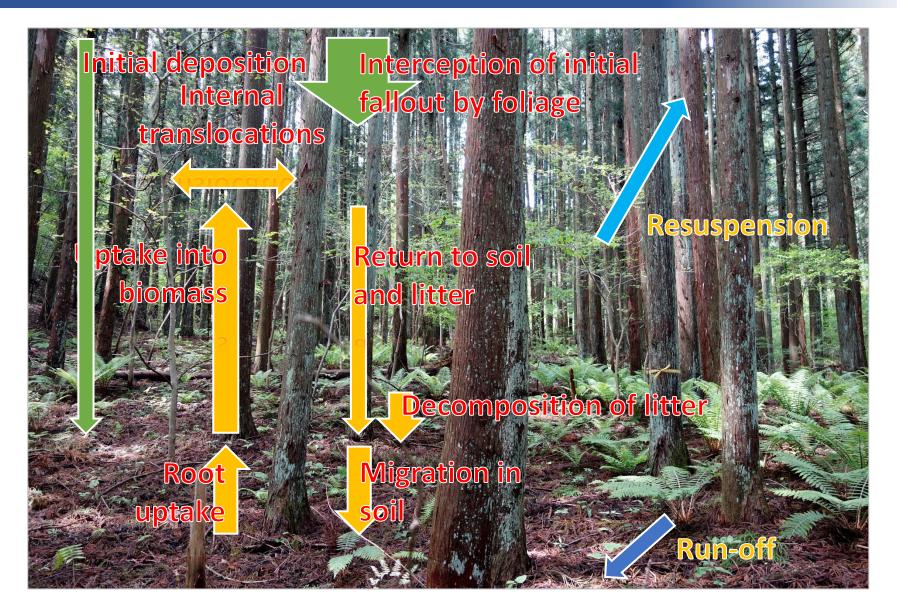


Sugi (*Cryptomeria Japonica* D.Don; Japanese Cedar) is a national tree of Japan and the main forestry species. Sugi plantations in Fukushima Prefecture: about 70% of the forest area, more than half of the timber production





IER Forest project: monitoring scope



Round table, NISS, Kyiv, 2015/01/30



Fukushima University INSTITUTE OF ENVIRONMENTAL RADIOACTIVITY

IER Forest project: equipping the site, monitoring & sampling











Fukushima University INSTITUTE OF ENVIRONMENTAL RADIOACTIVITY

IER Forest project: equipping the site, monitoring & sampling

 ^{137}Cs in understory: $1\times10^3~\text{Bq}~\text{m}^{-2}$

¹³⁷Cs in fallen branches: 1×10^3 Bq m⁻²

 137 Cs total soil + litter: $\sim 1 \times 10^6$ Bq m $^{-2}$ Litter: 15-25% of total Litterfall flux: n $\times 10^4$ (?) Bq m $^{-2}$ y $^{-1}$

¹³⁷Cs stemflow flux: $n \times (10^{1}-10^{2})$ Bq m⁻² y⁻¹







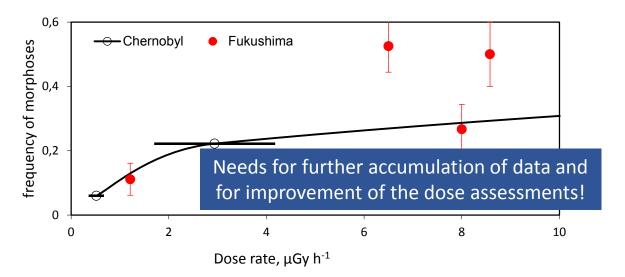


Fukushima University INSTITUTE OF ENVIRONMENTAL RADIOACTIVITY

¹³⁷Cs throughfall flux: $n \times 10^4$ Bq m⁻² y⁻¹

¹³⁷Cs in the trees' biomass: ??? SAMPLED on Nov 28 and Dec 04, 2014

IER Forest project: observations of radiation effects to plants





FUKUSHIMA





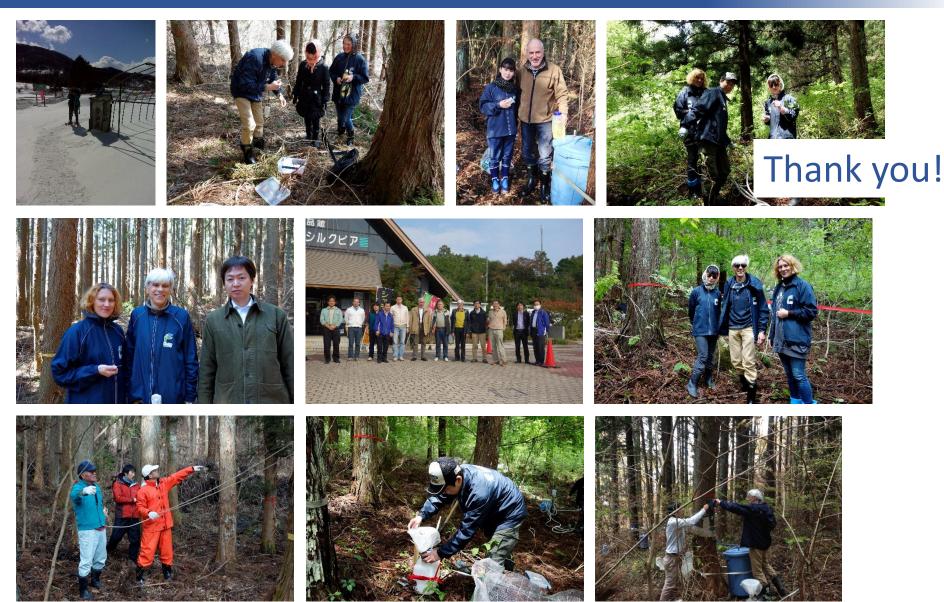
Akibadai





Fukushima University INSTITUTE OF ENVIRONMENTAL RADIOACTIVITY

IER Forest project



Round table, NISS, Kyiv, 2015/01/30



Fukushima University INSTITUTE OF ENVIRONMENTAL RADIOACTIVITY